To. Federal Communications Commission Washington, DC 20554

In the Matter of Amendment of Part 97 of the Commission's RM-10787 Amateur Service Rules to eliminate Morse code testing

To: The Commission

Commit:

I see zero reason to test people on a mode of operation that is being used less and less.

Proposal:

These comments are submitted in response to the petition of NCVEC which requests elimination of test Element 1 (Morse Code) from the Amateur Radio service rules.

I. Discussion:

The instant petition requests the elimination of Element 1 (5WPM Morse code test) from the required test for General and/or Extra Class licenses in the Amateur Radio service.

I find no persuasive argument for continuation of this test, And support the petition to discontinue testing new applicants with Element 1.

I am concerned, however, that other elements of the qualification tests are not adequate to ensure a high level of expertise in new applicants to the Amateur Radio service, and propose changes in the licensing structure to ensure that all 5 points of CFR 47 paragraph 97.1 (Basis and Purpose) are reasonably addressed in the qualification process.

Il Proposal:

I propose that no new applicants be accepted for the current license classes and that after some reasonable grace period and upgrades be available in the current licensing structure.

A. New License Classes:

I propose that new license applications be available in two classes, namely "Class B" and "Class A".

The "Class B" license would have an entry-level test (basic regulations, safety, operating procedures, basic DC and AC electronics). This class would have full frequency and mode privileges, Apart form CW sub bands but allow Data, PSk, RTTY Modes @ 100 watts only, power limited to 150W output for Voice and 100 watts out put for Data.

The license would be issued for a period of 6 years, and be renewable just like the C.E.T.P please see appendix III.

Holders of this license would be required to have 2 years experience as a licensee ("time in grade") before being eligible to upgrade to "Class A".

The "Class A" license test would be of a similar to the Current General class test, and would have full privileges, equivalent to current General Class license Holders. This license would be issued permanently without Requirement for renewal

B. Status of current licensees.

Current licenses could be renewed indefinitely, and would retain their current operating privileges.

Current Novice, Technician & (+), General, and Advanced class licensees could up grade to "Class A" at any time.

Appendix III

Radio Amateur Information Sheet Operation Under CEPT

Licensees Introduction

The full Amateur Radio License (A) and (B) enables amateurs to operate under their license in a growing number of countries. At the same time, amateurs from such countries are able to operate under their own licenses. The implementation of European Conference of Postal and Telecommunications Administrations (CEPT) Recommendation T/R 61-01 has made this possible. This booklet serves to answer some of the more common questions about such operation.

Q. What does the new license allow me to do?

A. It allows you to operate a mobile or portable station, or the station of another radio amateur licensed in the host country, when visiting any country which has implemented CEPT Recommendation T/R 61-01. Such use is covered by Clause 11 of your Amateur Radio License that defines the exact terms under which you may operate. When operating under Clause 11, no additional license for the country you are visiting will be required.

Q. Which countries may I operate in?

You may operate in any country which has implemented CEPT Recommendation T/R 61-01. These countries are listed by abbreviation at the foot of the Validation Document to the Amateur Radio Licence.

Q.How can I find out if new countries are added to these?

The list on the Validation Document is constantly updated reflecting the situation at the date of production of your Validation Document in each year. If you are uncertain regarding the position in respect of a particular country, you may obtain up-to-date information from the Radio Licensing Center. (see further information)

Q. Can Intermediates or the new Foundation licensees operate abroad under CEPT Rec. T/R 61-01?

A. No, neither Intermediates nor Foundation licensees are able to operate abroad under the terms of their Intermediate or Foundation license.

Q. When operating abroad, whose license conditions do I obey?

A. You must comply with the conditions of the appropriate license of the country which you are visiting. Any breach of the license conditions of the country visited could be regarded as a breach of your UK license as well as being an offence in the country visited.

Q. How can I find out about license conditions in the country I am to visit?

A. Before your visit you should write to the licensing authority of the country you will be operating in. Address details are at Annex 1.

Q. Do I need to know about CEPT Recommendation T/R 61-01?

A. Yes, although its content is reflected in your Amateur Radio License. Its full text is attached to this Information Sheet at Annex 2.

Q. How do I identify when operating abroad?

A. Generally, you should use your home call sign after the prefix of the country you are visiting, as frequently and in the manner required by that country's license. The country prefixes to be used when identifying are not the same as the country abbreviations used in the license. You should check with the administration of the country to be visited which prefix you should use and whether this is the correct format.

Q. What licensing authority has jurisdiction over me when operating abroad?

A. That of the country in which you will be operating. However, the commission of a "radio" offence under the law of the host country or a breach of the requirements of your license may result in a restriction or revocation of your UK license.

Q. What documentation must I take?

A. You must take with you your current license Validation Document and any other documentation

required by the country to be visited.

Q. Are there any restrictions on the equipment I can take?

A. If in doubt you should consult the authorities of the country to be visited. Possession of a Current Amateur Radio License does not in itself constitute authority to import or export particular amateur apparatus.

Q. Is there a limit on how long I can operate abroad?

A. If operating under the terms of your license, you may only be a temporary visitor to the host country. It is up to each Administration to define such a period

Q. I hold a license on the strength of my, for example, United States license. May I operate under it in Europe?

A. No, temporary licenses obtained under reciprocal arrangements is not accepted as CEPT licenses for the purpose of Recommendation T/R 61-01.

Q. Can I operate in under my current amateur radio license or Visiting licensees?

A. Yes, if you hold a license issued by a country that has implemented CEPT Recommendation T/R 61-01. If you are uncertain whether your country has done so, you can find out by contacting the Radio Licensing Center (RLC) whose address is shown at the end of this Information Sheet.

Q. What license conditions must I obey?

A. You must, first and foremost, operate in accordance with the Terms, Provisions and Limitations of the UK License, copies of which are available free on request from the RLC. In addition, you must comply with the conditions of your home license unless such compliance would result in a breach of your license conditions, e.g. even if your license permits you to operate in your own country on higher powers than are permitted, when Returning to your own country operating you must limit yourself to the appropriate power for the band in question, given in the Schedule for your band plan and license.

Q. What documentation do I need to carry when operating in the UK?

A. You must carry your home license, which must be in English and a copy of the current License Terms, Provisions and Limitations Booklet.

Q. How should I identify when operating in the UK?

A. You should use your home call sign after the UK prefix 'M' and secondary locator if any. Thus a Dutch amateur holding the call sign PA2MIL would identify in England as M/PA2MIL and an Austrian amateur holding the call sign OE7PBK would identify in Wales as MW/OE7PBK. A full list of secondary locators is given in note (w) of the UK License Booklet.

Q. How long can I operate in the UK?

A. T/R 61-01 is intended to cover temporary stays. For longer stays, amateurs from recognized CEPT Administrations can apply to the Radio Licensing center for a full UK license. You will need to complete a normal Amateur Radio License application form and to provide the following: Normal License fee.

The license issued will depend on the class presented: Class A License Class B License

- Q. Can I operate the station of a UK radio amateur?
- A. Yes, with the permission of the UK licensee. You may operate his/her equipment under your own license, using your own callsign, as if it were your own station, or you may operate under the direct supervision of the UK licensee and under his license using the UK licensee's callsign.
- Q. Reciprocal licenses, Who will still need these?
- A. Licensed amateurs from countries which have not implemented CEPT Recommendation T/R 61-01 or T/R 61-02 will still need to obtain a temporary UK license from the Radio Licensing Center, at the fee applicable to Amateur Radio Licenses at the time. Such licenses are issued on the strength of their home license if a reciprocal agreement has been entered into between the UK and the government of their country under which we recognize each other's qualifications.
- Q. For how long are temporary reciprocal licenses valid?
- A. If the visitor is, he/she will be operating mobile, his temporary UK license will be valid. Where the foreign radio amateur becomes resident the licensee may be issued on the basis of a reciprocal arrangement.

Further information
Further information on amateur radio may be obtained from the following addresses:
Radio Society of Great Britain
Lambda House
Cranborne Road
Potters Bar
Herts
EN6 3JE
Telephone: 01707 659015

Website: www.rsgb.org.uk

Radio Licensing Center PO Box 885 Bristol BS99 5LG

Telephone: 0117 925 8333 Minicom: 0117 921 9550

In order to comply with the requirements of the Criminal Procedures and Investigations Act (CPI) 1996, All telephone calls to the Radio Licensing Center are recorded.

Amateur Radio Services Radio communications Agency

Wyndham House 189 Marsh Wall London E14 9SX

Telephone: 020 7211 0160 Telephone: 020 7211 0159 Telephone: 020 7211 0158

Telephone: 020 7211 0161 (Answer Phone)

Fax: 020 7211 0228

E-mail: amateurcb@ra.qsi.qov.uk

For further information on other radio matters contact the Agency's Switchboard/24 hour General

Enquiry Point: 020 7211 0211.

Address details of the CEPT Administrations Annex 1

Telecommunications Regulatory EntityReshit Collaku StreetTirana, AlbaniaTel: +355 42 32131Fax: +355 42

32954Federal Ministry for Science and TransportPO Box 127A-1103 WeinAustriaTel: +43 1 797

314000Fax: +43 1 797 31 4009

Australian Communications Authority Radio communications and General Enquiries PO Box 78Belconnen, ACT 2616AustraliaTel: +61 2 6256 5555Fax: +61 2 6256 5353Website: www.aca.gov.auInstitute/

Belge des Services Postaux et des Telecommunications – IBPT Tour AstroAvenue de I'Astronomie, 1414 - boite 211210 Bruxelles Belgique Tel: +32 222 68888Fax: +32 222 68882

Directorate of Communications Musala 9/IISarajevo, 7100Bosnia & Herzegovina Tel: +387 71 472657Fax: +387 71 441248E-mail: dirtel@bih.net.ba Committee of Posts and Telecommunications 6 Gourko Street 1000 Sofia Bulgaria Tel: +359 2 949 2663Fax: +359 2 980 5271Website: www.cpt.bgIndustry/

Canada Radio communication and Broadcasting Regulatory Branch300 Slater Street Ottawa, Ontario KA1 OC8CanadaTel: +1 613 990 4817Fax: +1 613 952 9871

Ministry of Maritime Affairs, Transport and Communications Posts and Telecommunication Administration Prisavlje 1410 000 Zagreb Croatia Tel: +385 1 6169 110Fax: +385 1 6196 662

The Directorate of Telecommunications Ministry of Communications and WorksLefkosia (Nicosia), 1424CyprusTel: +357 2 3022768Fax: +357 2 67058E-mail: dirtelcom@mcw.gov.cyCzech

Telecommunication Office Ministry of Transport and Communications Klimentska 27225 02 Praha 1Czech Republic Tel: +420 2 2400 4111Fax: +420 2 2422 5890

National Telecom Agency Holsteins gade 63DK-2100 Copenhagen 0DenmarkTel: +45 35 450000Fax: +45 35 450010E-mail: tst@tst.dkWebsite: www.tst.dkMinistry.com

Transport and Communications Posts and Telecommunications DepartmentViru St, 9Tallinn, 15081 EstoniaTel: +372 639 7613Fax: +372 639 7606

Ministry of Transport and Communications PO Box 23500131 Helsinki Finland Tel: +358 9 1601Fax: +358 9 1602Bureau des Postes et Telecommunications D'outre - MER20 Avenue de SegurF-75354 Paris France Tel: +331 534 49684Fax: +331 534 49507 Regulierungsbehorde fur Post und Telecommunication (Regulatory Authority for Telecommunications and Posts) Referat 113,

Postfach 8001D-53003 Bonn GermanyTel: +49 2281 41130Fax: +49 2281 46113E-mail: poststelle@regtp.deWebsite: www.regtp.deMinistry.NU of Transport and Communications Administration of Posts and Telecommunications2 Rue Anastaseos10191 Papagou Athens, Greece Tel: +30 1650 8531/8547Fax: +30 1650 8533E-mail: minofcom@otenet.grCommunication Authority, Hungary (HIF)23-25. Ostrom utca, H-1525 Budapest, HungaryTel: +36 1 4577 185Fax: +36 1 4577 121Ministry of CommunicationsIS-150 ReykjavikIceland Tel: +354 560 9630Fax: +354 562

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Regulation Blocks D, E & F, Abbey Court-Irish Life Centre Lower Abbey Street Dublin, 1IrelandTel: +353 1 804 9600Fax: +353 1 804 9680Website: www.odtr.ie/tecMinistryof Communications.IL 23 Jaffa Street 91999 Jerusalem Israel Tel: +972 2 670 6310Fax: +972 2 624 0321

Ministerio delle Communication Segretariato Generale - Ufficio IVViale America 20100144 Roma, ItalyTel: +39 06 59559581Fax: +39 06 5942039Ministry of Transport Department of Communications3 Gogola StreetRiga LV, 1743LatviaTel: +371 702 8222Fax: +371 721 7180

Office of Foreign AffairsHeiligkreuz 14FL-9490 VaduzLiechtenstein Tel: +423 236 6058Fax: +423 236 6059 Ministry of Transport and Communications Department of Communications Gedimino Ave. 172679 VilniusLithuania Tel: +370 2 393911Fax: +370 2 225070Website: www.transp.lt/ institut

Luxem bourgeois des Telecommunications (ILT) Direction Generale45a Avenue MontereyL-2922 Luxembourg Luxembourg Tel: +352 45 88451Fax: +352 45 884588Website: www.etat.lu/ILTWireless Telegraphy Department Evans Building Merchants Street Valletta. CMR 02MaltaTel: +0356 247224 Fax: +0356 247229Ministry of Transport and Communications134,

Stefan cel Mare Street Chisinau, 2012 Moldova Tel: +373 2 221001Fax: +373 2 546564 Service des Relations Exterieures Delagation Permanente Aupres des Organismes Internationaux16 Boulevard de Suisse MC 98030 Cedex 15,MonacoTel: +377 93 158822Fax: +377 97 158798E-mail: delperm@gouv.mcRadiocommunications Agency PO Box 4509700 AL Groningen NetherlandsTel: +31 50 522 21 11Fax: +31 50 313 56 45Website: www.minvenw.nl/hdtp

Ministry of Commerce Resources and Networks Branch PO Box 1473 WellingtonNew Zealand Tel: +64 4 472 0030Fax: +64 4 499 0797Website: www.moc.govt.nz Norwegian Post and

Telecommunications Authority (NPTA)PO Box 447 Sentrum0 104 Oslo Norway Tel: +47 22 824600Fax: +47 22 824890E-mail: firmapost@npt.noMinisterio

de Transportes, Communications, Vivienda Construccion AV 28 de Julio, No 800Lima 1, PeruTel: +511 4330 425Fax: +511 4339 378E-mail: minist@mtc.gob.peMinisterstwo LacznosciPl. Malachow skiego 200-940 Warszawa PolandTel: +48 22 656 5000Fax: +48 22 826 4840E-mail: sp5ahz@polbox.comInstituto

das Communicators de PortugalAv. Jose Malhoa. 12P-1099-017, Lisboa PortugalTel: +351 2172 12302Fax: +351 2172 11004Direction Generale de la Reglementation Ministere

des Communications Bul. Libertatii, 1470060 Bucuresti RoumanieTel: +40 1 4001575Fax: +40 1 4001230 State

Committee for Telecommunications of the Russian Federation7, Tverskaya Street103375 Moscow K-375RussiaTel: +7 095 925 5108Fax: +7 095 230 2097Ministry of Transport, Posts and Telecommunications Namestie Slobody, 6810 05 Bratislava 15SlovakiaTel: +421 7 5273 1434Fax: +421 7 5273 1437E-mail: telecom@telecom.gov.skTelecommunications

Administration Ministry of Transport and Communications Kotnikova 19a1000 Ljubljana Slovenia Tel: +386 61 1734901Fax: +386 61 1328036

South African Telecommunication Regulatory Authority(SATRA) Private Bag X1Malboro, 2036 South Africa Tel: +27 11 321 8207Fax: +27 11 321 8537Ministerio de Fomento Secretaria

General de Communications Palacio de Communications, 6a Plta Alcala 5028071 Madrid, SpainTel: +341 91 3461500Fax: +341 91 3461520 National Post and Telecom Agency (PTS)Birger Sarlsgatan 16S-102 49 Stockholm Sweden Tel: +46 8 678 5500Fax: +46 8 678 5505E-Mail: pts@pts.seWebsite: www.pts.seOffice/ Federal de la Communication (OFCOM) Service des Affaires Internationales44, rue de l'Avenir2501 Bienne Susse Tel: +41 32 3275444Fax: +41 32 3275466

General Directorate of Communications Telsiz Genel Mudurlugu (TGM)06510 Emek – Ankara TurkeyTel: +90 312 212 6010Fax: +90 312 221 3226State Committee of Communications and Information22 Khreschatyk Street252001 KYIVUkraine Tel: +380 44 2288 661Fax: +380 44 2286 141

Federal Communications Commission International Bureau445, 12th Street, SW Washington, DC 20554 USA Tel: +1 202 418 2099Fax: +1 202 418 1208Website: www.fcc.gov/wtbSecretariate

General du-Governatorato Administration des PTTCitta del Vaticano, 00120 Vatican City State Tel: +39 06 6982Fax: +39 06 6988/537

Recommendation T/R 61-01 (Nice 1985, revised in Paris 1992 and by correspondence August 1992) Annex 2

CEPT Radio Amateur License

"The European Conference of Postal and Telecommunications Administrations, considering:

a) that the Amateur Service and Amateur Satellite Service are Radio communications Services according to Article 1 of the ITU Radio Regulations and governed by other provisions of the ITU Radio Regulations as well as national regulations,

- b) that it is necessary to harmonies licensing procedures for temporary installation and use of portable and mobile radio amateur stations in CEPT countries and non-CEPT countries,
- c) that Administrations are responsible, in accordance with Article 32 of the ITU Radio Regulations, for taking such measures as they judge necessary to verify the operational and technical qualifications of a person seeking a radio amateur license. Additionally, radio amateurs shall not be allowed to transmit on frequencies below 30 MHz, unless they have proved their ability to send correctly by hand, and to receive correctly by ear, texts in Morse code signals,
- d) that the issue and administration of temporary licenses to foreign visitors based on bilateral agreements involves a considerable increase in work for Administrations,
- e) that certain Administrations have concluded or are drawing up agreements intended to simplify the current procedure for the issue of such temporary licenses,
- f) that the International Amateur Radio Union (IARU) supports the simplification of procedures to obtain temporary operational privileges for foreign visitors in CEPT countries and in other countries,

Pubic Note:

this Recommendation bears no relation to the import and export of amateur radio equipment, which is subject only to relevant customs regulations,

further that:

despite the procedures of this Recommendation, Administrations always have the right to require separate bilateral agreements when recognizing the radio amateur licenses issued by foreign Administrations,

recommends:

- 1. that CEPT member Administrations recognize the principle of CEPT radio amateur licenses issued under the conditions specified in Appendices I and II, on which the Administrations of the countries visited will levy neither duties nor taxes, only the Administration issuing the license being entitled to do so,
- 2. that Administrations, not being members of CEPT, accepting the provisions of this Recommendation, may apply for participation in accordance with the conditions laid down in Appendix II and Appendix III".

General conditions for the issue of "CEPT radio amateur licenses" Appendix I

- 1 General provisions relating to the "CEPT radio amateur license"
 The "CEPT radio amateur license" will take a form similar to a national license or a special document issued by the same authority, and will be drafted in the national language and in German, English and French; it will be valid for non-residents only, for the duration of their temporary stays in countries having adopted the Recommendation, and within the limit of validity of the national license. Radio amateurs holding a temporary license issued in a foreign country may not benefit from the provisions of the Recommendation. The minimum requirements for a "CEPT radio amateur license" will be:
- i) a declaration according to which the holder is authorized to utilize his/her amateur radio station in accordance with this Recommendation in countries where the latter applies;
- ii) the name and address of the holder;
- iii) the callsign;
- iv) the CEPT license class;
- v) the validity;
- vi) the issuing authority.

A list may be added or provided indicating the Administrations applying the Recommendation.

2 License classes

Each of the CEPT classes described below will only be considered as equivalent to a national class in

cases where conditions of utilization in another country are not considerably broader than those in the country where the license was issued. The equivalence of national license classes from CEPT countries to the CEPT license classes is given in columns 2 and 3 of Appendix II. CEPT license class holders are authorized to utilize amateur radio in visited CEPT countries according to the national license class conditions of those visited CEPT countries as shown in columns 4 and 5 of Appendix II.

Class 1

This class permits utilization of all frequency bands allocated to the Amateur Service and Amateur Satellite Service and authorized in the country where the amateur station is to be operated. It will be open only to those amateurs who have proved their competence with Morse code to their own Administration.

Class 2

This class permits utilization of all frequency bands allocated to the Amateur Service and Amateur Satellite Service above 30 MHz and authorized in the country where the amateur station is to be operated.

- 3 Conditions of utilization
- 3.1 On request the license holder shall present his CEPT radio amateur license to the appropriate authorities in the country visited.
- 3.2 Authorization is granted for utilization of a portable or mobile station only. A portable station shall, for the purposes of this Recommendation, include any station using mains electricity at a temporary location, e.g. a hotel or a camping site.
- 3.3 Authorization is also granted for utilization of the station of a radio amateur holding a permanent license in the host country.
- 3.4 The license holder shall observe the provisions of the ITU Radio Regulations, this Recommendation and the regulations in force in the country visited. Furthermore, any restrictions concerning national and local conditions of a technical nature or regarding the public authorities must be respected. Special attention should be paid to the difference in frequency allocations to the radio amateur services in the three ITU Regions.
- 3.5 The use of the amateur radio station aboard an aircraft is prohibited.
- 3.6 When transmitting in the visited country the license holder must use his national callsign preceded by the CEPT callsign prefix as indicated in column 3 of Appendix II. The CEPT callsign prefix and the national callsign must be separated by the character "/" (telegraphy) or the word "stroke" (telephony). For a mobile amateur radio station the national callsign must be followed by the characters "/M" (telegraphy) or the word "mobile" (telephony). For a portable amateur radio station the national callsign must be followed by the characters "/P" (telegraphy) or the word "portable" (telephony).
- 3.7 The license holder cannot request protection against harmful interference.
- 4 Equivalence between CEPT license classes and national license classes
- 4.1 The equivalence between CEPT license classes and national license classes in CEPT countries is given in columns 4 and 5 of Appendix II.
- 4.2 The equivalence between CEPT license classes and national license classes in non-CEPT countries is given in columns 4 and 5 of Appendix II.

Notes: Countries that have implemented CEPT Recommendation T/R 61-01 will appear at the foot of your Validation Document

Appendix II:

Table of equivalence between CEPT license classes and different national classes

National license classes equivalent to CEPT license classes Holders of CEPT classes authorized to transmit in accordance with national classes in respective countries

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CEPT Countries CEPT Class 1 CEPT Class 2 CEPT Class 1 CEPT Class 2
1 Albania - - - -
2 Australia †
3 Austria † A,B,C* A,B,C** A,B* A,B,**
4 Belgium † C B C B
5 Bosnia and Herzegovina † A,B,C D A,B,C D
6 Bulgaria † A*,B** A*,B**,C B* B**
7 Canada *** Amateur operator certificate with basic and Morse code (12 WPM) qualifications (or
advanced qualifications) Amateur operator certificate with basic qualification (or Morse code 5 WPM)
qualification or advanced qualifications Amateur operator certificate with basic, Morse code (12
WPM) and advanced qualifications Amateur operator certificate with basic and advanced
qualifications
8 Croatia † A B.C A C
9 Cyprus Details not available Details not available Details not available Details not available
10 Czech Republic † A,B C,D B D
11 Denmark † A C A C
12 Estonia † A,B C,T A T
13 Finland † Y P,T Y T
14 France † E C E C
15 Germany † B A,C B C
16 Greece † A,B,C - A,B,C ****
17 Hungary † RHB,RHC URHB,URHC RHC URHC
18 Iceland † A,B,C T A,B T
19 Ireland † A B A B
20 Israel *** + A,B C B C****
21 Italy Gen. Lim. Gen. Lim.
22 Latvia 1****,2**** 3****,4**** 2 4
23 Liechtenstein † 1,2 3,4 1 3
24 Lithuania † A B A B
25 Luxembourg † Gen. - Gen. -
26 Malta A B A B
27 Moldova - - - -
28 Monaco Gen. Lim. Gen. Lim.
29 Netherlands † A C A C
30 Netherlands (Antilles)(ATN) *** A C A C
31 New Zealand *** Gen. Lim. Gen. Lim.
32 Norway † A,B C A C
33 Peru *** General Intermediate - General Intermediate -
34 Poland + - - - -
35 Portugal † A,B A,B A B**
36 Romania † 1,2 3,4 1 4
37 Russian Federation - - - -
38 San Marino - - - -
39 Slovac Republic A,B C,D B D
40 Slovenia † 1 2,3 - -
41 South Africa *** *Unrestricted *Restricted *Unrestricted *Restricted
42 Spain † A B A B
43 Sweden † A B,C,T T T
44 Switzerland † A B A B
45 The Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia - - - -
46 Turkey † A B,C A C
47 Ukraine + - - -
48 United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland † A B; A B
49 USA Amateur Extra Advanced General Technician Plus Technician Advanced Technician
50 Vatican City - - - -
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^{*} with examinations in Morse Code telegraphy, manual transmission and reception.

^{**} without examinations in Morse Code telegraphy.

*** Denotes non-CEPT Administration.

**** A national license class covering only privileges of CEPT license class 2 does not exist. However, CEPT class 2 license holders are entitled to utilize amateur radio on frequencies above 30Mhz. Holders of the Latvian National Amateur Radio License are not automatically issued a CEPT license. To acquire a CEPT license, holders of the Latvian National Amateur Radio License must pass an examination consistent with CEPT Recommendation T/R 61-02 "HAREC".

† Denotes the CEPT Administrations which have implemented T/R 61-02 (HAREC).

Participation of non-CEPT administrations in the "CEPT radio amateur license" according to this recommendation

Appendix III

1 Application

1.1 Administrations, not being members of CEPT

may apply to the CEPT for participation in the CEPT radio amateur licensing systems regulated by this Recommendation. Applications should be addressed to CEPT European Radio communications Committee (ERC), through the European Radio communications Office (ERO) (see Note).

A non-CEPT Administration in joining this Recommendation enters into an agreement with all CEPT countries having implemented this Recommendation or will do so in the future. It should be noted that non-CEPT countries wishing to implement this Recommendation between them should do so by separate agreement.

- 1.2 The application shall include a list of license classes in the country concerned, their privileges and the proposed CEPT license class equivalents. Details of national examination syllabuses or documents describing the requirements of the national license classes and their privileges shall be enclosed with the application. All the details mentioned above must be submitted in one of the official languages of the CEPT (English, French or German).
- 1.3 The applying Administration shall provide the call sign prefix(es) to be used by visiting radio amateurs and details of any special conditions relating to the implementation of this Recommendation in the country concerned. Special conditions or restrictions should be confined to a minimum, and should not be imposed unless absolutely necessary.
- 1.4 A non-CEPT Administration having been granted special conditions as per 1.3. shall include these in a footnote in Appendix II.

2 Procedures of applications

- 2.1 The CEPT ERC shall check, based mainly on Recommendation T/R 61-02 E, each application to determine the equivalence of the national license classes to those specified in this Recommendation and to assess the acceptability of any deviations from the respective Recommendations which have been requested by the applying Administration.
- 2.2 When the ERC has agreed to accept the participation of a non-CEPT country it notifies the applying Administration and arranges for the ERO to include the relevant details in Appendix II.
- 2.3 A CEPT Administration requiring a separate bilateral agreement to apply this Recommendation with a non CEPT Administration shall indicate this in a footnote in Appendix II.
- 2.4 A non-CEPT Administration requiring a separate bilateral agreement to apply this Recommendation with a CEPT Administration shall indicate this in a footnote in Appendix II.

3 Conditions of utilization

The technical and operational privileges which apply for CEPT-license holders from non-CEPT countries are in conformity with the privileges of the appropriate national license classes indicated in Appendix II, columns 4 and 5.

Respectfully submitted, 8/8/03 Mark G Shaw De KG4OHH De KG4QOZ